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APPLICATION NO.	FII	ING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
09/920,990	08/03/2001		Vlad lorgulescu Avram	T8466417US 6128	
7590 06/23/2005				EXAMINER	
Peter Milne				JASTRZAB, KRISANNE MARIE	
Gowling Lafler	ır Hende	erson LLP			
Suite 4900				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
Commerce Court West				1744	
Toronto, ON M5L 1J3 CANADA				DATE MAILED: 06/23/2005	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	m)	
	Application No.	Applicant(s)
Office Action Summary	09/920,990	AVRAM, VLAD IORGULESCU
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
The MAILING DATE of this communication and	Krisanne Jastrzab	1744
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply		
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim r within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days rill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U S C & 133)
Status		
Responsive to communication(s) filed on 11 Ag This action is FINAL . 2b) ☐ This Since this application is in condition for allowar closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro	
Disposition of Claims	•	
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-6 and 8-20 is/are pending in the app 4a) Of the above claim(s) 18-20 is/are withdraw 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-6, 8-17 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) 18-20 are subject to restriction and/or	n from consideration.	
Application Papers		
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) access Applicant may not request that any objection to the of Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction of the original original contents are considered to by the Examiner of the contents are considered to by the Examiner of the contents are considered to by the Examiner of the contents are considered to by the Examiner of the contents are contents are considered to by the Examiner of the contents are contents.	epted or b) objected to by the Edrawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ion is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priori application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	s have been received. s have been received in Application ity documents have been receive I (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage
Attachment(s)		
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary (Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal Pa 6) Other:	(PTO-413) ite atent Application (PTO-152)

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DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

This application contains claims 18-20, drawn to an invention nonelected with traverse and affirmed in the response dated 12/20/2004. A complete reply to the final rejection must include cancellation of nonelected claims or other appropriate action (37 CFR 1.144) See MPEP § 821.01.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

Claims 1-6 and 8-16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Murayama et al., in view of White et al., U.S. patent No. 5,653,919 and Monte, Jr. U.S. patent No. 5,508,685.

Murayama et al., teach a system for controlling olfactory stimuli used in conjunction with multimedia events such as films or personal computer games. The

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system can be connected to a personal computer having a keyboard (column 4, lines63-68). It can also connected to an air conditioner and employ input control based on temperature (see column 6, lines 1-20). The scent may be released in a plurality of configurations including aerosol or thermal release means (column 7, line 10 through column 8, line 5), the thermal release means being inclusive of a heated scroll mechanism. The system is also configured to account for the humidity of the surrounding environment (column 8, lines 53-64).

White et al., teach the conventionality of humidification of controlled atmospheres utilizing a water mist producer for conditioning thereof.

Monte, Jr. teaches the provision of a water mist and a released scent in modifying an atmosphere in response to a specific stimulus. See column 2, lines 10-20, and lines 55-68, and column 3, lines 1-17.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill to include water mist producing means in the apparatus of Murayama et al., because of the conventionality of providing such means when conditioning an atmosphere as supported by White et al., and because of the recognized compatibility in a controlled, responsive system, of mist production and scent release as demonstrated in Monte, Jr.

Claim 17 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Murayama et al., as applied to claims 1-6 and 8-16 above, and further in view of Bartsch et al., U.S. patent No. 6,581,915 B2.

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Bartsch et al., teach the application of any atmosphere modifying agent in a controlled substance generation and release system (see column 6, lines 54-60).

It would have been well within the purview of one of ordinary skill in the art to utilize the system of Murayama et al., for the generation of any atmosphere modifying agent such as an insecticide or antibacterial, as taught in Bartsch et al., because the system affords an optimal means of delivering and dispersing such agents to atmosphere's requiring treatment.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed 4/11/2005 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicant argues that White does not teach mist generation, and in fact teaches keeping mist from exiting the apparatus at column 1 thereof, however, the Examiner found no teaching of retaining the mist at column 1, but instead finds that White teaches minimizing large droplet size to avoid condensation of the water causing pooling on the duct wall. The Examiner would maintain that White clearly teaches humidification with mist generating means in as highly conventional in climate control system, and that such mist generation is applicable in chemical and environmental applications and including fragrancing systems. See column 1, lines 55-68 and column 3, lines 1-15.

Applicant also argues that Bartsch merely teaches scent release which fails to rise to the level of the crowd control, antibacterial, antiviral, antitoxin or antivenoms as recited in claim 17, however, the Examiner would disagree and point out that Bartsch explicitly teaches the use of fragrances having other functions including insecticides and

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aromatherapy, and it is held by the Examiner that aromatherapy constitutes crowd control in that it can have a calming effect with pleasant scents such as lavender or a dispersive effect with unpleasant scents such as sewage and skunk. See column 6, lines 54-60.

Conclusion

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Krisanne Jastrzab whose telephone number is 571-272-1279. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon.-Wed. 6:30am-4:00pm and alternate Fridays.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, John Kim can be reached on 571-272-1142. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Krisanne Jastrzab Primary Examiner Art Unit 1744

June 21, 2005